

V1.0 Electric Vehicle ICT Interface Specifications Part 1 Use Cases

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Version Control

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Introduction

This specification was developed in accordance with the procedures of the eMI3 group. This group has been formed to enable global Electric Vehicle (EV) services interoperability by harmonizing existing and preparing standardization of future ICT data standards & protocols including security and privacy. This document provides an overview of the specifications provided and planned serving a specific goal to support the EV industry to drive broader EV adoption and to facilitate the creation of advanced services for a seamless EV driver experience. These specifications are a result of input from various stakeholders (via liaison or membership of eMI3). These stakeholders include EV driver communities, governmental/regulatory bodies, standards development organizations, EV charging network service providers, Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment¹ (EVSE) manufacturers, OEMs and electric utilities.

Each member remains free to adopt protocols and technology best suited for its own service goals, internal architecture, and business requirements. This approach respects the system, administrative, and organizational boundaries inherent in any diverse collection of independently operated networks, while allowing each network to innovate and provide consumer value. By addressing interconnection at the network level rather than device level, system scaling is greatly improved and interoperation is simplified by having a smaller number of hierarchically organized interconnection points

The following parts will be described in this document:

- 1. General Overview
- 2. Use case description

Over the last few years Electric Vehicles adoption has been growing significantly. To support this new market, several new market roles emerged incl. EV Services Providers (EVSP), Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment Operator (EVSE Operator), Third party service providers and EV marketplaces. This also creates the need for interoperability, roaming, driver services and efficient management amongst these specific roles.

The final definition of these Use Case descriptions will potentially result in additional interface and protocol specification further use case descriptions will be published on http://emi3group.com,

¹ Including charging stations and charging points.



Scope

This eMI3 specification (industry standard) consists or will consist of the following parts which may be extended in the future.

- Part 1: General overview & Use Cases
- Part 2: eMobility Business Objects and related Unique Identifiers (incl EVSE Attributes)

All parts of the eMI3 specification are deemed to be independent and self-contained.



Conformance

This document contains "conformance statements". Conformance statements are assertions about how implementations of the specification must act in order to claim adherence to the standard. Conformance statements follow the best practice recommendations laid out in RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. The capitalized key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119.

Conformance to this specification may be claimed if all "MUST", "MUST NOT", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT" and "REQUIRED" requirements are met.



References

Normative References

[RFC2119] "Key Words for Use in RFCs to Indicate Requirements Levels", S. Bradner, 1997, https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

Informative References

IEC 61850-7-420	Communication networks and systems for power utility automation
IEC 61851-1	Electric vehicle conductive charging system – General requirements
IEC 61851-21	Electric vehicle conductive charging system – Part 21: Electric vehicle requirements for conductive connection to an a.c./d.c. supply
IEC 61851-22	Electric vehicle conductive charging system – a.c. electric vehicle charging station
IEC 61851-23	Electric vehicle conductive charging system – d.c electric vehicle charging station
IEC 61851-24	Electric vehicle conductive charging system – Control communication protocol between off-board d.c. charger and electric vehicle
ISO/IEC 7498-1	Information processing systems Open
	Systems Interconnection Basic Reference
	Model - Part 1: The Basic Mode
ISO/IEC 7498-2	Information processing systems Open
	Systems InterconnectionBasic Reference
	Model Part 2: Security Architecture
ISO/IEC 7498-3	Information processing systems Open
	Systems Interconnection –Basic Reference
	Model - Part 3: Naming and addressing
ISO/IEC 15118	Road vehicles – Communication protocol between electric
Parts 1–8	vehicle and grid
ISO/IEC 27000	Information technology – Security techniques – Information security management systems – Overview and vocabulary



ISO/IEC 27001 Information technology – Security techniques – Information

security management systems - Requirements

CEI/TC8/WG6/DCT8 Electric transportation to Grid Communication protocol



Terms, Definitions and Abbreviations

The terms, definitions and abbreviations relevant to all eMI3 documents are available on http://emi3group.com/

They can also be found in the following document:

"Electric Vehicle ICT Interface Specifications: Terms, definitions and abbreviations":

eMI3_TermsAndDefinitions_v0.90.pdf



1 General overview

eMI3's scope includes all ICT interfaces, application level protocols and standardized software services supporting all required business models and platforms of the stakeholders within the EV market. As illustrated in Figure 1, electric mobility constitutes a complex ecosystem, including energy systems, cities (comprising urban management, transportation systems and other), where infrastructure and an array of EV related services emerge and vehicle manufacturers and service players interact with one another.

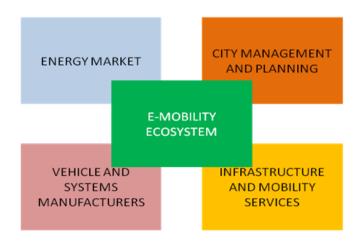


Figure 1: eMobility ecosystem (simplified)

As more EVs are introduced in the market, the relevant interactions will grow in complexity, with more complex use cases likely to emerge. However, in the short term, eMI3 will focus primarily on EV charging services, and work on setting the standards for operations that ensure interoperability between equipment, users, service providers and back-end systems. In this first specification, eMI3's focus is on introducing standardized unique identifiers, data models, attribute lists and data structures, including those that enable interoperability of market places and clearing houses.

A fundamental ingredient of the work of eMI3 is use cases². As the deployment and uptake of EVs in the market increases, interactions between market actors and customers are likely to grow in complexity. This is likely therefore to give rise to increasingly more complex use cases.

Building from the existing set of use cases (see use case section, in point 2) a variety of roles³ were identified.

An overview of the different actors, roles and objects is depicted in Figure 2. The green rectangular boxes within this figure represent the current scope of these actors, roles and objects. The core domains of e-Mobility are represented by three objects, namely charging infrastructure (EVSE), electric vehicles (EV) and the electric vehicle driver (EV Driver)⁴. Each of these objects is aggregated by a corresponding provider or operator. The electric vehicle original equipment manufacturer (EV OEM) manages vehicles, the EVSE operator manages the charging infrastructure and the electric vehicle service provider (EVSP)

⁴ For simplification a distinction between User, owner and corresponding systems was not made.



² A list of steps, typically defining interactions between a role assumed by a given actor and a system, in order to achieve a goal.

³ A role could be an actor, object or a system who are actively involved in a use case.

manages the services of the End Customers. All those actors assume corresponding roles with corresponding IT systems and services.

In a second level, e-Mobility Service Provider is depicted as a main actor. Based on the existing use cases, within eMI3 the main following roles are differentiated: Search & Find Provider, Smart Charging Provider⁵ and (E-)Mobility Clearing House.

Beyond, in a third level, various services of different adjacent domains are relevant within the e-Mobility landscape and interact with the actors and roles defined above. This is the case of the service providers within the domain of cities, mobility infrastructure, vehicles and energy.

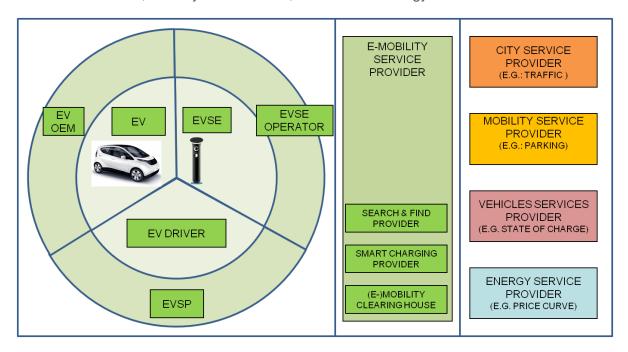


Figure 2: Overview Scope & Actors of EMI3

The roles and a description are listed in the following table:

Short Name	Description
EV Driver	A person using the EV and interacting with the EVSE to charge his vehicle.
EV	The Vehicle is used and charged. It contains a Battery with a certain level of charge, a Battery Management System to control the charge and mostly one channel to interact with the EV Driver.
EVSE	The electric vehicle supply equipment is used to charge the vehicle. It is operated by one EVSE operator.
EVSE Operator	The EVSE operator manages the EVSE.

⁵ Smart charging can be provided as part of e-mobility service provider or other services providers as well as part of the "facility" services providers for private or semi-private infrastructure



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EVSP	The EV Service Provider offers eMobility services to the end customers (may include charging, search & find, routing and other services)
EV OEM	Manufacturers of electric vehicle
Search & Find Provider	Collects EVSE information and provides aggregated information of EVSEs
Smart Charging Provider	Calculates the smart charge plan based on energy, vehicle and user requirements
(E-)Mobility Clearing House	Facilitates the interaction between multitude of players by aggregating the communication and supporting authorisation and billing processes

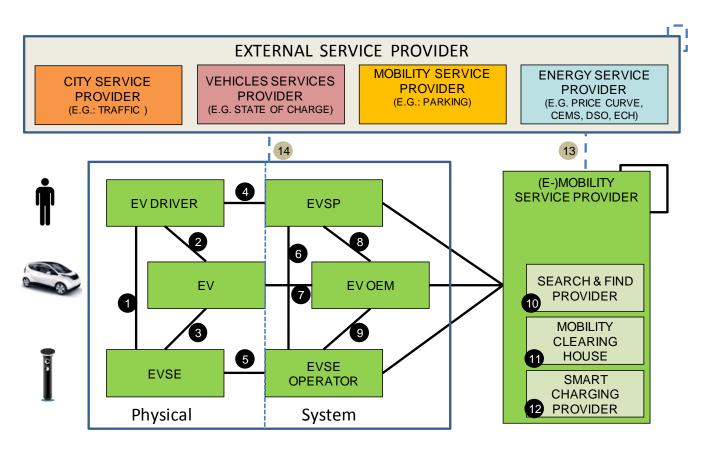
Table 1: Roles and description

The different roles described in Table 1 do not necessarily correspond to different stakeholders. In other words, a given market actor can assume multiple roles (e.g.: association between EVSP and EVSE operator and "home electric mobility provider" and / or operator of other services, such as parking and search & find) and a specific role can be assumed by different players (e.g.: EVSPs).

An overview of the roles and interfaces considered for the purposes of this document is presented in Figure 3. This figure seeks to articulate where different roles end and others begin and clarifies what the interfaces – represented by numbers – are between each role's IT systems, in order to establish what is exchanged between these roles and how. The different roles in use do not necessarily correspond to different stakeholders. In other words, a given enterprise can assume multiple roles (e.g.: association between EVSP and EVSE Operator and "home electric mobility provider" and / or operator of other services, such as parking and search & find) and a specific role can be assumed by different companies (e.g.: EVSPs).

A more detailed description of roles is presented in Chapter 2 which introduces a series of Use Cases.





Dashed lines: going out of EMI3 scope Solid lines: within scope of EMI3

Diagram covers possible Interfaces. Contents of interfaces are interrelated and strongly depend on the chosen architecture.

Figure 3: Overview of main roles and interfaces in focus

The primary interfaces considered for the purpose of this role model include:

No.	Between		Description
1	EVSE	EV Driver	User authentication on EVSE (e.g.: EVSE tag / QR code).
2	EV	EV Driver	Communication mainly via user interface between EV and EV Driver could be also a third party interacting with the EV Driver
3	EV	EVSE	Communication between the electric vehicle and the charging infrastructure (ISO/IEC 15118 and IEC 61851).
4	EVSP	EV Driver	Contract + communication between service provider and the EV Driver.
5	EVSE	EVSE Operator	Communication between the charging infrastructure and the operator's system.
6	EVSP	EVSE Operator	Direct communication between the charging infrastructure operator and service provider.
7	EV	EV OEM	Data communication between EV and OEM Back End IT-System.
8	EVSP	EV OEM	Communication between an OEM Back End System and an EVSP Back End
9	EVSE Operator	EV OEM	Communication between EVSE Operator Back End System and EV Back End
10	EVSP, EV OEM, EVSE Operator	Search & Find Provider	Interface of the S&F Provider. Must consider the different requirements of the different communication partners e.g. EVSP and EVSE Operator.
11	EVSP, EV	(E-)Mobility	Interface of the (E-)Mobility Clearing House (MCH). Must



No.	Between		Description
	OEM, EVSE Operator	Clearing House	consider the different requirements of the different communication partners e.g. EVSP and EVSE Operator.
12	EVSP, EV OEM, EVSE Operator	Smart Charging Provider	Interface of the Smart Charging Service Provider. Must consider the different requirements of the different communication partners e.g. EVSP and EVSE Operator.
13	(E-)Mobility Service Provider	External Service Provider	Interface between the different (E-)Mobility Service Providers and External Service Providers of the domains City, Vehicle, Infrastructure and Energy.
14	(E-)Mobility IT- Systems	External Service Provider	Interface between the different eMobility IT-Systems such as EVSP, EV-OEM and EVSE Operator and External Service Providers of the domains City, Vehicle, Infrastructure and Energy.

Table 2: List of communication flows



This role model sets the baseline for the creation of use cases. Based on the short term objectives for eMI3, the focus was to set the adequate range of generic use cases that enable the consolidation of unique identifiers.

Table 3 systematizes how the different roles and interfaces, as defined in the global architecture, are referenced within the scope of the document.

Use Case Interface														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
UC 100 - Search & Find		Χ		Χ	Χ	X			Χ					
UC 200 – Public Charging					Χ					Χ				
UE AA - Authentication & Authorization for basic charging with contract	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ				Χ				
UE CS – Charging session management											Χ			
UE MD - Manage EVSE Directory		Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ			Χ					
UE U – Update EVSE status				Χ	Χ	Χ								Χ

Table 3: Roles and communication flow reference to use cases

Within its ongoing work, eMI3 endeavours to establish relevant touch points with converging standardization efforts, as is the case of ISO/IEC 15118 – Vehicle to Grid Communication Interface. These include, especially, reference to generic use cases set within ISO15118 and exchange of information on interfaces and protocols.



2 Use Cases

With regards to Use Cases, this standard features two types of standardized output: Use Cases (UC) and Use Case Elements (UCE). The Use Case Elements have been inspired by the ISO/IEC 15118-1 standard, however eMI3 decided not to follow the strictly hierarchical structure but to strive for most generic use cases applying use case elements which are or could be used in several use cases.

Use Case Elements have the format of use cases and could be regarded as a generic sub sequence within a use case. The use of Use Case Elements ensures a more pleasant reading and avoids redundancy.

eMI3 Use Cases and Use Case Elements SHALL be described using a common template based on IEC 62559 to describe the process steps and interactions of the involved actors for EV charging and related services.

The diagram in figure 4 below provides an overview of the current scope and the structure for the Use Cases and Use Case Elements which is applied in the following chapters.

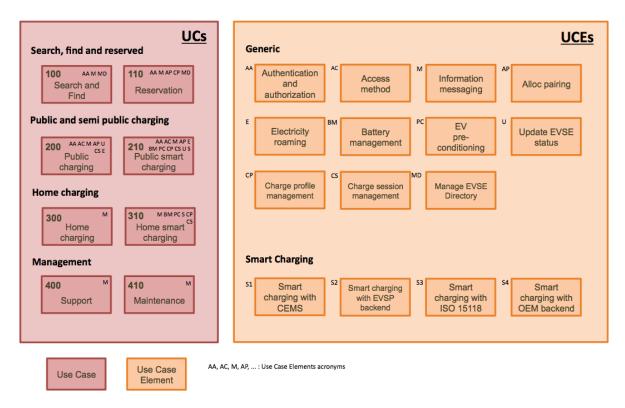


Figure 4: Overview of use cases and use case elements⁶

So far, eMI3 has successfully produced six different Use Cases and Use Case Elements:

UC 100: Search and Find

eMI3 continuously seeks and responds to feedback from users of our output and therefore this document and its contents may evolve in order to accommodate new requirements



- UC 200: Public Charging
- UCE AA: Authentication and authorization
- UCE CS: Charge Session Management
- UCE U: Updating EVSE Status
- UCE MD: Manage EVSE Directory

Further descriptions are provided below.

2.1 Use Cases

This section provides a list of the use cases within the current eMI3 program of work. New use cases will be added in the next releases of the standard.

The use cases are available in the Annexes.

2.1.1 Search, Find and Reserve an EVSE

The Search, Find and Reserve category features all use cases aiming at enabling EV Drivers to search for and find charging stations and to make, delete or update a reservation.

2.1.1.1 Search and Find an EVSE (UC 100)

Search and find is a use case, which provides all of the specifications needed to both search for and find a charging spot. It includes the search in roaming situations, meaning that it also covers the cases where users attempt to charge outside in EVSE operated by an EVSE Operator or EVSO they do not have a direct contract with

This Use Case features three different Use Case Elements: AA, M and MD, which are specified in the Figure 4.

The full UC is available in Annex – Use Cases (see p. 25).

2.1.2 Public and semi-public charging

Public and semi-public charging is the category covering the charging events in the charging infrastructure that is publicly accessible. It includes basic charging and smart charging and both of them include roaming features. Semi-public charging refers to using charging spots with restricted access.

One Use case has been covered in this category in the current version of the eMI3 standard.



2.1.2.1 **Public charging (UC 200)**

A public charging can occur with a public or a semi-public charging spot. The Use Case described within eMI3 includes both non-roaming and roaming situations. The charge has none of the attribute of a Smart Charge.

This Use Case features seven different Use Case Elements: AA, AC, M, AP, U, CS and E, which are specified in the Figure 4.

The full UC is available in the Annex – Use Cases (see p.29).

2.1.3 Home charging

Charging at home and semi-public at a company is estimated to cover roughly 80% of all charging events. It includes basic charge and smart charge. Semi-public charges are the charges occurring on charging spots with restricted access.

2.1.4 Management

The Management category presented in Figure 4 covers the main events occurring for the good management of the infrastructure. It includes Use Cases such as Support or Maintenance.

Use cases specified in this category will be provided in the next versions of the standard.

2.2 Use case elements

This section provides a list of the Use Cases Elements within the current eMI3 program of work. New Use Cases Elements will be added in the next releases of the standard.

The use case elements are presented are available in the Annexes.

2.2.1 Generic

The Generic category features all type of Use Case Elements providing different type of functions to the infrastructure. Five Use Case Elements have been specified for this category in the Figure 4 and one has already been covered in the V1.0 of the standard.

2.2.1.1 Authentication & Authorization (AA)

The Authentication and Authorization Use Case Element features is needed, by support all Use Cases where it is necessary that the EV Driver to authenticate himself and the authorization to use a e-Mobility service like "Public charging" at a specific charging spots.



This Use Case Element is used in two different Use Cases: Basic Charge and UC 210 (see Figure 4). Smart Charge.

The full UCE is available in Annex – Use Cases (see p. 34).

2.2.1.2 Charging session management (CS)

The intention of the charging session management is to inform the EV-Driver about the actual charging session. During the charging event the EV-Driver is supposed to get information about the already charged (consumed kWh) energy or the actual charging power (kW).

Furthermore the EV-Driver may have an intention to get all relevant time based charging session information like start of the charging session and also the duration of the charging session.

This Use Case Element is used by two different Use Cases: UC 200 and UC 210 (see Figure 4).

The full UCE is available in Annex – Use Cases (see p.41).

2.2.1.3 Manage EVSE Directory (MD)

The Use Case Element MD allows to exchange and manage the EVSE Directory in between EVSE Operators and EVSPs.

This Use Case Element is used by two different Use Cases: UC 100 and UC 110 (see Figure 4).

The full UCE is available in Annex – Use Cases (see p. 46).

2.2.1.4 Update EVSE status (U)

Update EVSE status is used from the EVSE-operator to inform the B2B actors (e.g. EVSP, Search & Find provider, Vehicles service provider) about the actual status of the EVSE.

The e-Mobility actor can use this information to inform the EV-Driver about the actual EVSE status, this can be done e.g. via a Smartphone App, customer portal, EV or other technologies. The Vehicles service provider can use this information to show the actual EVSE status within the EV to the EV-Driver.

Hereby it is important that the information is not linked to charging session (see UCE CS) which means the information can be used for "public" information (e.g. search for EVSEs).).

This Use Case Element is used by two different Use Cases: UC 200 and UC 210 (see Figure 4).

The full UCE is available in Annex – Use Cases (see p.50).

2.2.2 Smart Charging



The Smart Charging category features all of the Use Case Elements describing the possible Smart Charging features. Four Use Case Elements have been specified in the Figure 4 in this category.

While working on these Use Case Elements, the members of eMI3 identified the possibility for a new role, to be defined in next version of this document: the Smart Charging Provider (SCP). See Annex – Use Cases for more information.

2.3 Milestones

eMI3 aims at providing further Use Cases and Use Case Elements in the future releases of its standard. These extended releases are detailed below:

Standard v2.0 (expected June 2015):

The Standard v2.0 intends to provide a more complete version of the standard with a focus on the basic functions of the infrastructure and the energy related features, such as the Smart Charge.

Expected Use Cases and Use Case Elements: UC 110 Reservation, UC 210 Smart Public charging, UC 300 Home Charging, UC 310 Smart Home Charging, UCE AC Access Method, UCE S1 Smart Charging with CEMS, UCE S2 Smart Charging with EVSP Backend, UCE S3 Smart Charging with ISO 15118, UCE S4 Smart Charging with OEM Backend, UCE E Electricity Roaming, UCE CP Charge Profile Management.

Standard v3.0 (expected January 2016):

Following the Standard v2.0, the standard v3.0 intends to provide a more complete version of the standard with a focus on the extended functions of the infrastructure.

Expected Use Cases and Use Case Elements: UC 400 Support, UC 410 Maintenance, UCE M Messaging, UCE AP Alloc Pairing, UCE BM Battery Management, UCE PC EV Pre-Conditioning.



3 Annexes

3.1 Use Cases

3.1.1 UC 100: Search & Find

ERTICO project title: eMI³

Document title: UC Search & Find

Main author(s) or editor(s): Thomas Stiffel (Bosch)

Other author(s): Thomas Gereke (Gereke)

Document history:

Version	Status	Date	Main author	Organisation	Summary of changes			
0.1	Draft	30/03/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Initial draft adopted from previous discussions and pre-versions.			
0.2	Draft	30/04/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Consolidation of different versions. & Clean Up Document. Integrate discussion from 7.4.			
0.3	Draft	09/05/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate changes discussed during review in UC call.			
0.8	Draft	07/06/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call & Check Terminology.			
0.9	Draft	22/07/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call & Check Terminology			
0.91	Draft	06/08/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call & Check Terminology.			
0.92	Draft	08/10/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Changes to adopt generic Use Case Elements (UCE) and extension of Search Database Use Case.			
0.93	Draft	19/11/2014	Thomas Stiffel, Thomas Gereke	BOSCH, Siemens	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call 19.11.2014			
1.0	Final	16/02/2015	Ludovic Coutant	CNR	Final review for implementation in part 1 of Standard v1.0			



Keywords:

Search	Find	EVSE	



Use Case ID	UC 100									
Use Case Name	Search	Search and Find								
UCE Included	AA									
Goal & Narrative	The EV driver searches for an EVSE able to charge his EV suitable to his needs.									
		oility to charge may be limited accuration of the EVSE and/or the EV			the EV Driver, the					
	Option	s/Extensions:								
	•	The EV Driver uses the S&F se Alternatively the EV Driver uses			n the EV-driver.					
	•	EVSP may store EVSE data loc	cally or request ther	n online.						
	•	The S&F Provider provides statistation, such as status of the E' (lower than rated power) or price	VSE (e.g. "in use", '							
	•	The EV Driver may enter searc profile/stored preferences and of time and technical EV data like charging power (e.g.22 kW)	context information	e.g. destination, o	current location,					
	•	Status information (Dynamic Dacriteria and as a separate requeresult.								
	•	The EV-Driver can use the sea station. E.G. search by differen			uitable charging					
	•	For dynamic data: the EVSE m	ust have an online	connection to the	EVSE-Backend.					
	•	The user may be required to au	uthorize at the EVSE	Ξ						
Actors	EV Dri	ver, EVSP, EVSE Operator, S&F	Provider							
Preconditions		&F Provider has gathered and/or ce based on b2b agreements witl			tion (via a standard					
		V driver has a contract (free or pa	•	00 00 <u>2</u> .w.b).						
	The E	VSP has a contract with the S&F	Provider to use its	service.						
		/SE-operator can act as a S&F properator and EVSP is necessary		ct of usage EVSE	data between					
Main steps	Descri	ption of the normal sequence of	events							
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged					
	1 O EV authenticates with UCE EV driver EVSP eMA ID or an other mean to identify EV Driver									
	2 M	search criteria are set by EV Driver ⁸	EV driver	EVSP	Search criteria from EV driver					
	3 M	search criteria are optionally checked and/or enriched and sent by EVSP	EVSP	S&F Provider	Search criteria from EVSP					

 $^{^{7}}$ See Use Case Element description Authentication & Authorization

⁸ See BO Search Criteria / Result



	4 M	S&F provider elaborates and sends search results	S&F Provider	EVSP	Pools/EVSEs answering request		
	5 M	EVSP handles search result and sends data to EV Driver	EVSP	EV Driver	Pools/EVSEs answering request.		
Extension	Descr	iption of alternatives or exception	s from the main ste	eps	•		
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged		
Post condition	The EV Driver receives the search result by the EVSP.						
	The EV Driver knows an EVSE where he may charge his EV.						
	The E	V Driver may reserve an EVSE o	r a EVSE Pool ⁹				
Security & Privacy Considerations	If the t	If the user profile is used any profile information must be highly secured.					
Remarks	can be influer option	The aspect of roaming (display only those EVSEs where the EV Driver is allowed to charge) can be treated either by the S&F Provider (e.g. defined as a search attribute) or by the EVSP influencing the list of charging stations which are transmitted or shown to the user. A third option may be to have third party e.g. a clearinghouse which has contractual constraints of the EV-Driver resp. of the EVSP to pre-select the available EVSE or EVSE operator.					
	Search results may have different levels of details. E.g. it may be EVSE Pools on EVSEs additionally.						

⁹ See corresponding Use Case EVSE Reservation



3.1.2 UC 200: Public Charging

ERTICO project title: eMl³

Document title:UC Public charging

Main author(s) or editor(s): Thomas Gereke (Siemens)

Other author(s): Ludovic Coutant (CNR)

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1.0	Final	16/02/2015	Ludovic Coutant	CNR	Final review for implementation in part 1 of Standard v1.0



Keywords:

Public	Charging	EVSE	



Use Case Name	UC 200)						
Use Case Name	Public	Public Charging						
UCE Included	AA, U a	AA, U and CS						
Goal & Narrative	semipu	The primary goal of this UC is to acquire a sufficient EV battery state of charge at a public or semipublic charging station. Roaming is covered via an MCH when EVSP is unknown to the EVSE Operator Backend backend.						
		st step is to physically connect the tication and authorization have t						
	(e.g. A	'SP customer account is identifi C, AC fast, DC) are negotiated a or interrupted.						
		tual status (UCE U) of the EVSE EVSE Operator backend and op						
	The charthe EV	arging session status (UCE CS) driver.	may be forwarded t	o the EVSP to be	made available to			
	relevar	he charging session has ended at EVSP. In a roaming case, tha ction via a MCH (MCH). The SD	t means the authoriz	ation process was				
Actors	EV Dri	ver, EVSP Customer, EVSP, E	VSE Operator, EV, I	МСН				
Preconditions	EVSE	can be identified with an EVSE	-ID					
	EVSP	Customer account can be ident	ified with an eMA ID					
	EVSP	can be identified with a EVSP-I	D					
	EVSE	EVSE Operator can be identified with a EVSE Operator-ID						
	EVSP	Customer has an account with	the EVSP					
	EV Dri	ver has a valid eMA ID or token	ID					
	Parkin	g space at EVSE is available to	EV					
Main steps	Descri	ption of the normal sequence of	events					
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged			
	1 M	EV connected to EVSE*	EV	EVSE	EV physically connected			
	2 M UCE AA	EV authenticates with UCE AA ¹⁰	EV Driver / EV	EVSE	Valid of eMA ID, (authorized services, user preferences) EVSP Customer			
	3 O	Show available e-Mobility	EVSE	EV Driver/EV	- Service content			

¹⁰ See Use Case Element description Authentication & Authorization



		product (e.g. AC, AC-Fast, DC,			- Conditions
		inductive, etc.)			- Timeframe
					- Others
[4 0	Select an e-Mobility product	EV Driver/EV	EVSE	e-Mobility product
					Req. kWh
					Charging timeframe
					Others
					(See also Chargeplan)
	5 O	Confirm service delivery (e.g. start of charging session)	EVSE	EV Driver/EV	Confirm Availability to start charging session (e- Mobility product ID)
	6 M	Start Charging Session	EVSE	EV Driver/EV	Charging session started
Į	7 O UCE U	Update EVSE Status with UCE U			
	8 O UCE CS	Manage Charging Station with UCE CS			
	UCE AA	End Charging Session with UCE AA	EV Driver / EV	EVSE	EVSE has validated this request
	10.1 M	Disconnect cable from EV and/or EVSE	EV	EVSE	EV physically disconnected
	11 M	End Charging Session	EVSE	EVSE Operator	Charging session ended
	12 0	Confirm Charging session details	EVSE	EV Driver	See ISO-15118
Į Į	13 O UCE U	Manage Charging Station with UCE CS			
	14 O UCE CS	Update EVSE Status with UCE U			
	15.1 M	Send SDR /CDR to MCH	EVSE Operator	MCH	Timestamp, EVSE-ID, EMA ID, service product ID, EVSE-operator session ID, kWh, Charging-time (one entry or table possible)



	16.1 M	Send SDR /CDR to EVSP	MCH	EVSP	Timestamp, EVSE-ID, EMA ID, service product ID, EVSE-operator session-ID, kWh, Charging- time (one entry or table possible)			
Extension	Step 9	and 10 occur in alternative order	r					
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged			
	9.2 M	Disconnect cable from EV and/or EVSE*	EV	EVSE	EV physically disconnected			
	10.2 M UCE AA	End Charging Session with UCE AA	EV Driver / EV	EVSE	EVSE has validated this request			
Extension	EVSE	EVSE Operator and EVSP communicate on a direct communication						
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged			
	15.2 M	Send SDR /CDR to EVSP	EVSE Operator	EVSP	Timestamp, EVSE-ID, EMA ID, service product ID, EVSE-operator session-ID, kWh, Charging- time (only one entry or table possible)			
	16.2 M	15.1 is skipped						
Post condition		,	•	•	•			
Security & Privacy Considerations								
Remarks	This UC will not cover the commercial contract handling between the EVSP and EVSE Operator backend or possible transaction fees from a involved clearing house. *Sequence of Process step 1 and 2 could be reversed in case Authentication and Authorization is needed before you can connect to the EVSE. Parking is not covered in this UC							



3.2 Use Case Elements

3.2.1 UCE AA: Authentication & Authorisation

ERTICO project title: eMl³

Document title: UCE Authentication & Authorization

Main author(s) or editor(s): Thomas Gereke (Siemens AG)

Other author(s): Ludovic Coutant (ITEMS International)

Shantanu R Kothavale (ChargePoint, Inc)

Silvio Weeren (IBM)

Achim Friedland (BELECTRIC Drive)

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0.3	Draft	12/02/2014	Shantanu R K	ChargePoint , Inc	Added comments to PUCs Authentication & Authorization
0.4	Draft	26/02/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Review Los Gatos
0.5	Draft	11/03/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Telephone call 6.3.2014
0.6	Draft	20/03/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Telephone call 19.3.2014
0.7	Draft	07/04/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Telephone call 26.3.2014 Change in A&A for basic charging
0.8	Draft	24/04/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Telephone call 23.04.2014
0.9	Draft	01/07/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Telephone call 30.06.2014 (Definition and Abbreviations)
0.92	Draft	23/07/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update Telephone call 30.06.2014 (Generic UCE AA including Access-types)



0.93	Draft	24/09/2014	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update comments from Achim Friedland
0.94	Draft	19/12/2014	Thomas Gereke		Review consistency of calls to UCE and review consistency of editing and fill in missing parts in the introductive part
1.0	Final	16/02/2015	Ludovic Coutant		Final review for implementation in part 1 of Standard v1.0

Keywords:

Authentication	EV	EMA	Basic
Authorization	EVSE	ID	Driver
Identification	station	EVSP	MCH
Public	Operator	Operator	Session
Charging	Backend		



Use Case ID	CE AA								
Use Case Name	uthentication & Authorization								
Related UC	UC 100, UC 200								
Goal & Narrative	Authentication is used to identify the relevant EVSP account (eMA ID) and followed by Authorization of this account for the required e mobility product e.g. basic charging.								
	The usage of authentication means (e.g. RFID/NFC/PLC/wireless/smartphone). E.g. a token-ID (e.g. Unique-ID of a RFID card) may be used for authentication. The eMA ID identity includes only the "account-ID" but no details about the account / contract								
	The authentication can be done via the following methods: • Direct request of e-mobility product (e.g. charging) on EVSE • Remote request of e-mobility product (e.g. charging) via EVSP • 3rd party request of e-mobility product (e.g. charging) via EVSP Furthermore the authentication can be done via a white or blacklist, stored on the EVSE or EVSE-backend, method. The authentication request can be send with the tokens defined in part2. It includes: • EMA-ID • User name (e.g. email) + PIN								
	process and the requested or possible e mobility service product ID. Optional information about time and quantity could be send. The Authorization request will be answered with a "yes" or "no". Furthermore optional suggestion (variable parameters) could be provided.								
Actors	EV Driver, EVSP, EVSE Operator, MCH (Mobility-Clearinghouse)								
Preconditions	EV Driver, EVSP, EVSE Operator, MCH (Mobility-Clearinghouse) EVSE can be identified with a EVSE ID EVSP Customer account can be identified with an eMA ID EVSP can be identified with a EVSP ID EVSE Operator can be identified with a EVSE Operator ID EV Driver customer has a e-Mobility account with a EVSP								
	B2B contract between EVSP / EVSE Operator (and/or optional MCH)								
Main steps	escription of the normal sequence of events	nation							
	Process/Activity Information Information Receiver Excha								
	e.g. el token	fication MA ID or ID, e ty product							



	2.1 M	Check A&A within EVSE	EVSE	EV / EV-Driver	A&A is valid, Charging session started
	3 M	Confirm and start charging	EVSE	EV / EV-Driver	A&A is valid, Service can be used when denied no use of service (e.g. charging) is possible, e mobility product
Extension	Servi	ce request from EVSP (e.g. Sm	art Phone App)		
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged
	1.2. 1 M	Authentication & Authorization with EVSP and request for service (e.g. Basic charging)	EV Driver	EVSP	Authorization and Service Request with eMA ID, EVSE ID
	1.2. 2.1 M	Send service request to MCH	EVSP	MCH	Authorization and service request with eMA ID, EVSE ID, EVSP Session ID, e mobility product
	1.2. 3.1 M	Send service request to EVSE Operator Backend	мсн	EVSE Operator	Authorization and service request with eMA ID, EVSE ID, EVSP Session ID, MCH Session ID, e mobility product
	1.2. 4 M	Remote service request to EVSE	EVSE Operator	EVSE	Charging Request, eMA ID, EVSE ID, e mobility product
	2.2. 1 O	Confirm service request (e.g. charging session can start)	EVSE	EVSE Operator	EVSE ID, eMA ID, Status, timestamp, e mobility product
	2.2. 2.1 O	Confirm service request to MCH	EVSE Operator	MCH	EVSE ID, eMA ID, Status, timestamp, EVSE Operator Backend Session IID, MCH Session IID, e mobility product
	2.2. 3.1 O	Confirm service request to EVSP	мсн	EVSP	EVSE ID, eMA ID, Status, timestamp, EVSE Operator Backend Session IID, MCH Session



					IID, EVSP Session IID, e mobility product		
	2.2. 4 O	Confirm service request to EV-Customer	EVSP	EV-Customer	EVSE ID, eMA ID, Status, timestamp		
Extension	A&A r	request is sent to EVSE Operate	or				
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged		
	2.3. 1 M	Send A&A Request to EVSE Operator	EVSE	EVSE Operator	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, e mobility product		
	2.3. 2 M	Confirm A&A request to EVSE	EVSE Operator	EVSE	Confirm A&A request (optional Session ID)		
	2.3. 3 M	Confirm A&A request to EV- Driver	EVSE	EV / EV-Driver	A&A is valid, Charging session started		
Extension	A&A r	request is sent to MCH	sent to MCH				
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged		
	2.4. 1 M	Send A&A Request to Mobility clearinghouse	EVSE Operator	MCH	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, EVSE- Operator Session ID, EVSE Operator Backend, e mobility product		
	2.4. 2 M	MCH answer A&A Request to EVSE Operator	MCH	EVSE Operator	A&A is valid, Service can be used		
	2.4. 3 M	Send A&A confirmation to EVSE	EVSE Operator	EVSE	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, EVSE- Operator Session ID, e mobility product		
	2.4. 4 M	Confirm A&A request to EV- Driver	EVSE	EV / EV-Driver	A&A is valid, Charging session started		
Extension	A&A r	request is sent to EVSP					
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged		
	2.5. 1.1 M	Check A&A request within EVSP and confirm or deny to Mobility clearinghouse	EVSE Operator	MCH	A&A is valid or denied, e mobility product		
	2.5. 2.1	Forward EVSP A&A result to EVSE Operator Backend	MCH	EVSP	A&A is valid or denied, e		



	М				mobility product		
	2.5. 3.1 M	Check A&A request within EVSP Backend and confirm or deny to EVSE backend	EVSP	MCH	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, EVSE- Operator Session ID, EVSP Session ID, e mobility product		
	2.5. 4.1 M	Check A&A request within EVSP Backend and confirm or deny to EVSE backend	MCH	EVSE Operator	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, EVSE- Operator Session ID, EVSP Session ID, e mobility product		
	2.5. 5 M	Send A&A confirmation to EVSE	EVSE Operator	EVSE	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, EVSE- Operator Session ID, e mobility product		
	2.5. 6 M	Confirm A&A request to EV- Driver	EVSE	EV / EV-Driver	A&A is valid, Charging session started		
Extension	EVSE operator and EVSP communicate with direct communication						
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged		
	1.2. 2.2 M	Send service request to MCH	EVSP	EVSE Operator	Authorization and service request with eMA ID, EVSE ID, EVSP Session ID, e mobility product		
	1.2. 3.2 M	Step 1.2.3.1 is skipped					
	2.2. 2.2 O	Confirm service request to MCH	EVSE Operator	EVSP	EVSE ID, eMA ID, Status, timestamp, EVSE Operator Backend Session IID, MCH Session IID, e mobility product		
	2.2		EVSE Operator	EVSP	ID, Status, timestamp, EVSE Operator Backend Session IID, MCH Session IID, e mobility		



	2.5. 2.2 M 2.5. 3.2 M	Step 2.4.2.1 is skipped Check A&A request within EVSP Backend and confirm or deny to EVSE backend Step 2.5.4.1 is skipped	EVSP	EVSE Operator	Identification (eMA ID) or token ID, EVSE ID, EVSE- Operator Session ID, EVSP Session ID, e mobility product	
	4.2 M					
Post condition						
Security & Privacy Considerations	To provide secure authentication in the RFID/NFC/PLC/wireless cases, the EVSE shall use a challenge-response protocol. The challenge data and the response data are sent to the Authenticator (home EVSP or MCH), which can then verify the identity of the credential.					
Remarks	If the	user profile and data are used	this data must be h	ighly secured.		
	with	Possible Access-types on EVSP = see UCE_AA White list sub-process and eMA ID handling with ISO 15118 (exchange eMA ID between EVSP and EVSE Operator / EV) not scope of this PUC				
		uence of Process step 1 could i entication and Authorization bef			have first the	



3.2.2 UCE CS: Charging Station Management

ERTICO project title: eMl³

Document title: UCE Charging Session Management

Main author(s) or editor(s): Thomas Gereke (Siemens AG)

Other author(s): Silvio Weeren (IBM)

Thomas Stiffel (Bosch)

Achim Friedland (BELECTRIC DRIVE)

Ludovic Coutant (ITEMS)

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1.0	Final	16/02/2015	Ludovic Coutant	CNR	Final review for implementation in part 1 of Standard v1.0

Keywords:

EVSE	Charging	Session	



Use Case ID	UCE CS						
Use Case Name	Charging S	Session Management					
Related UC	UC 100, U	C 200					
Goal & Narrative	charging s about the Furthermo session in session.						
	can use d session, th EVSP. He	The information of the EV-Driver will always be transferred via the relevant EVSP. The EVSP can use different information channels to inform the EV Driver about the actual charging session, this can be done e.g. via a Smartphone App, customer portal or SMS from the EVSP. Hereby it is import that only the relevant EV-Driver / eMobility customer, derived from the eMA ID, will get this information.					
		ush mechanism" -> The tin ession is determined by the E		ncy) of informa	tion exchange actual		
		equest (pull) mechanism" -> rging session is determined b		frequency) of	information exchange		
		ng session data can only be started until the charging ses		SE-Operator wh	nen a charging		
Actors	EV Driver, e-Mobility customer, EVSP, EVSE Operator, MCH (Mobility-Clearinghouse)						
Preconditions	 EVSE can be identified with an EVSE ID EVSP Customer account can be identified with an eMA ID EVSP can be identified with an EVSP ID EVSE Operator can be identified with a EVSE Operator ID EV Driver customer has an eMobility account with an EVSP B2B contract between EVSP / EVSE Operator (and/or optional MCH) EVSE is connected to the EVSE operator backend (CMS) 						
Main steps	Description	n of the normal sequence of	events				
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged		
	1.1 M Send initial/update/end of Charging session data EVSE EVSE-operator EVSE ID, charge session status, Optional field						
	2.1 M Request of actual charging session status						
	3.1 M	Request of actual charging session status	MCH	EVSP	eMA-ID / Token-ID, EVSP Charging Session-ID, EVSE operator session ID, MCH session ID, Optional fields		
	4.1 M	Send initial/update/end	EVSP	EV-Driver,	eMA-ID/Token-ID,		



of Charging session data	e Mobility customer	EVSE ID, EVSE operator session- ID, Actual status charging session, Optional fields
--------------------------	------------------------	---



Extension	Pull mech	nanism: to EVSE-operator fr	om EVSP		
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged
	1.2 M	Request of EV-Driver about actual charging session status	EV-Driver	EVSP	eMA-ID / Token-ID, EVSP Charging session ID
	2.2.1 M	Request of actual charging session status	EVSP	MCH	eMA-ID / Token-ID, EVSP Charging Session ID, EVSE operator ID
	3.2.1 M	MCH transfers the demand to EVSE Operator	MCH	EVSE operator	eMA-ID / Token-ID, EVSP Charging Session ID, EVSE operator ID
	4.2.1 M	Check actual status of charging session and send actual charging session data	EVSE operator	MCH	eMA-ID /Token-ID, EVSE ID, EVSE operator session- ID, Actual status charging session, Optional fields
	5.1 M	MCH transfers the information to EVSP	MCH	EVSP	eMA-ID /Token-ID, EVSE ID, EVSE operator session- ID, Actual status charging session, Optional fields
	6 M	Send initial/update/end of Charging session data	EVSP	EV-Driver, e Mobility customer	eMA-ID /Token-ID, EVSE ID, EVSE operator session- ID, Actual status charging session, Optional fields
Extension	EVSE ope	rator and EVSP communica	te with direct com	munication	
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged
	2.3 M	Send initial/update/end of Charging session data	EVSE operator	EVSP	eMA-ID / Token-ID, EVSP Charging session ID, EVSE operator ID, Optional fields
	3.2 M	Step 3.1 is skipped			
	2.2.2 M	Check actual status of charging session and send actual charging session data (then step 4)	EVSP	EVSE operator	eMA-ID /Token-ID, EVSE ID, EVSE operator session- ID, Actual status charging session
	3.2.2 M	Step 3.2.1 is skipped			
	4.2.2	Check actual status of charging session and send actual charging session data	EVSE operator	EVSP	eMA-ID /Token-ID, EVSE ID, EVSE operator session- ID, Actual status charging session, Optional fields
	5.2	Step 5.1 is skipped			
Post condition					



Security & Privacy Considerations	Data privacy protection consideration of individual				
	For operational data (operate and control) the data policy for MCH data and meta data logging and storage have to be considered				
Remarks	* Update frequency is depending on the EVSE-operator (CMS)				



3.2.3 UCE MD: Manage EVSE Directory

ERTICO project title: eMI³

Document title: UCE Manage EVSE Directory

Main author(s) or editor(s): Thomas Stiffel (Bosch)

Other author(s): Thomas Gereke (Siemens)

Document history:

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0.2	Draft	30/04/2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Consolidation of different versions. & Clean Up Document. Integrate discussion from 7.4.
0.3	Draft	09.05.2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate changes discussed during review in UC call.
0.8	Draft	07.06.2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call & Check Terminology.
0.9	Draft	22.07.2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call & Check Terminology.
0.91	Draft	06.08.2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call & Check Terminology.
0.92	Draft	08.10.2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Changes to adopt generic Use Case Elements (UCE) and extension of Search Database Use Case.
0.93	Draft	19.11.2014	Thomas Stiffel, Thomas Gereke	,	Integrate Changes discussed during review in UC Call 19.11.2014
0.94	Draft	19.12.2014	Thomas Stiffel	BOSCH	Separated Use Search & Find and UCE MD into two documents
1.0	Final	16/02/2015	Ludovic Coutant	CNR	Final review for implementation in part 1 of Standard v1.0



Keywords:

Manage	EVSE	Directory	



Use Case ID	UCE MD					
Use Case Name	Manage EVSE Directory					
Related UC	UC 100	UC 100, UC 200				
Goal & Narrative	S&F providers collect static and/or dynamic data from EVSE Operators and other S&F providers. S&F Provider may aggregate and structure the data according to different aspects. Data may be transmitted online (Pull from EVSE-Operator) or provided by the EVSE operator (Push). The interfaces can be the same but can be different as well. The request for information may be periodically or on request. For performance reason the S&F provider may store or cache the collected information. In order to reduce effort, one or a few S&F Providers may act as or maintain a central station					
Actors	directory (CSD). EVSP, EVSE Operator, S&F Provider					
Preconditions	-	Definition of contracted data between:				
, recording	EVSE Operator and S&F Provider Between S&F Providers if data is exchanged					
Main steps	Description of the normal sequence of events					
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged	
	1.1 M	Request Data from EVSE operator ¹¹	S&F Provider	EVSE Operator	Data request Optional: Search parameter	
	2.1 M	Sent EVSE data	EVSE Operator	S&F Provider	Contracted EVSE static data	
	3.1 O ¹²	Manage Data (e.g. harmonize & aggregate) & Provide to S&F requestor.	S&F Provider	EVSP Operator	List of EVSE according to search request	
Extension	Pull mechanism					
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged	
	1.2.1 M	Request status data from EVSE operator	S&F Provider	EVSE Operator	Data request (single or list of EVSE)	
	2.2.1 M	Sent EVSE status data	EVSE Operator	S&F Provider	Contracted EVSE dynamic data	
Extension	Dynamic collection					
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged	
	1.2 0	S&F Provider	Contracted EVSE static data (Bulk Operation)			

 $^{^{\}rm 11}$ Could be periodically or on request e.g. from the EVSP-Operator.

¹² Link to use case UC 100 Search & Find EVSE initiated by EV Driver.



	1.2.2 O	EVSE operator provides status information of all EVSE After status change or periodically	EVSE Operator	S&F Provider	Contracted EVSE static data
	2.2.2 O	EVSE Operator provides status information of selected charging stations (charging stations with status change)	EVSE Operator	S&F Provider	Contracted EVSE static data
Post condition	EVSE Information is available to be used by the relevant actors (EV Driver EVSP, S&F-P). EVSE information is aligned to the EMI3 description of EVSE [see Standard Part II).				
Security & Privacy Considerations	Continuous availability information should not be accessible by everyone.				
Remarks	Provision of information (static data) may be incremental or cover the full data load. The data provided may have a limited validity period. It must be possible to delete data resp. to withdraw provided data. It is not defined when and how the data is stored or provided.				



3.2.4 UC U: Update EVSE Status

ERTICO project title: eMl³

Document title: UCE U Update EVSE status

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Document history:

Versio	Status	Date	Main author	Organisatio	Summary of changes
n				n	
0.1	Draft	30/07/201 4	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Initial Version
0.2	Draft	31/07/201 4	Thomas Gereke	Siemens AG	Update from telephone call 30.07.2014
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1.0	Final	16/02/201 5	Ludovic Coutant	CNR	Final review for implementation in part 1 of Standard v1.0

Keywords:

EVSE	Status	Update	



Use Case Name Update EVSE status UC 100, UC 200 Update EVSE status is used from the EVSE-operator to inform the B2B actors (e.g. Search & Find provider, Vehicles service provider) about the actual status of the EVSE. The e-Mobility actor can use this information to inform the EV-Driver about the actual status, this can be done e.g. via a Smartphone App, customer portal, EV or other technoration to the EV-Driver. Hereby it is import that the information is not linked to charging session (see UCE CS means the information can be used for "public" information (e.g. search for EVSEs) For the "push mechanism" -> The timing (e.g. frequency) of information exchange charging session is determined by the EVSE-Operator.	EVSE blogies. within which				
Related UC UC 100, UC 200 Update EVSE status is used from the EVSE-operator to inform the B2B actors (e.g. Search & Find provider, Vehicles service provider) about the actual status of the EVSE. The e-Mobility actor can use this information to inform the EV-Driver about the actual status, this can be done e.g. via a Smartphone App, customer portal, EV or other technology the EV to the EV-Driver. Hereby it is import that the information is not linked to charging session (see UCE CS means the information can be used for "public" information (e.g. search for EVSEs) For the "push mechanism" -> The timing (e.g. frequency) of information exchanges	EVSE blogies. within which				
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means the information can be used for "public" information (e.g. search for EVSEs) For the "push mechanism" -> The timing (e.g. frequency) of information exchange					
	actual				
	For the "push mechanism" -> The timing (e.g. frequency) of information exchange actual charging session is determined by the EVSE-Operator.				
For the "request (pull) mechanism" -> The timing (e.g. frequency) of information ex actual charging session is determined by the EVSP.	For the "request (pull) mechanism" -> The timing (e.g. frequency) of information exchange actual charging session is determined by the EVSP.				
Actors EVSP, EVSE Operator, MCH (Mobility-Clearinghouse), Search & Find Provider, Service Provider	EVSP, EVSE Operator, MCH (Mobility-Clearinghouse), Search & Find Provider, Vehicle Service Provider				
Preconditions • EVSE can be identified with an EVSE ID	EVSE can be identified with an EVSE ID				
EVSP can be identified with a EVSP ID					
EVSE Operator can be identified with a EVSE Operator ID POR contract between EVOR / EVOE Operator (and/operatoral MOLI) POR contract between EVOR / EVOE Operator (and/operatoral MOLI)					
B2B contract between EVSP / EVSE Operator (and/or optional MCH) EVSE is connected to EVSE operator backend (CMS)	 B2B contract between EVSP / EVSE Operator (and/or optional MCH) EVSE is connected to EVSE operator backend (CMS) 				
Main steps Description of the normal sequence of events					
# Process/Activity Information Information Producer Receiver Exchanged					
1.1 M Send actual EVSE EVSE EVSE Operator EVSE ID, status, Timestamp					
2.1 M Send actual EVSE EVSE Operator MCH EVSE ID, status, Timestamp					
3.1 MCH transfers EVSE status to EVSP and Vehicle Service Provider Service					
status to EVSP and Service provider Vehicle Service	EVSE				
status to EVSP and Vehicle Service Provider 4.1 M Show actual EVSE EVSP, Vehicle Service provider Status EVSE EVSP, Website Service Provider Mobility Status	EVSE				
status to EVSP and Vehicle Service Provider 4.1 M Show actual EVSE EVSP, Vehicle service provider Service p					
status to EVSP and Vehicle Service Provider 4.1 M Show actual EVSE EVSP, Vehicle status Extension Push mechanism from EVSE-operator backend # Process/Activity Information Information Information	search (e.g.				



		search request	service provider		criteria, EVSE ID
	3.2.1 M	MCH transfers EVSE search request to EVSE Operator and Vehicle	MCH	EVSE operator	EVSE search criteria, EVSE ID
	4.2 M	Service Provider EVSE Operator ask	EVSE operator	EVSE	EVSE search
		status to EVSE	·		criteria, EVSE ID
	5 M	EVSE sends status to EVSE Operator	EVSE	EVSE operator	EVSE ID, EVSE status, Timestamp
	6.1 M	Check status of EVSE and send actual status	EVSE operator	MCH	EVSE ID, EVSE status, Timestamp
	7.1 M	MCH transfers status to EVSP and Vehicle Service Provider	MCH	EVSP, Vehicle service provider	EVSE ID, EVSE status, Timestamp
	8 M	Show actual EVSE status	· ·	EV-Driver, e- Mobility customer	(EVSE ID), EVSE status,
Extension	EVSE operator and EVSP communicate with direct communication				
	#	Process/Activity	Information Producer	Information Receiver	Information Exchanged
	2.3 M	Send actual EVSE status	EVSE Operator	EVSP, Vehicle service provider	EVSE ID, EVSE status, Timestamp
	3.3	Step 3.1 is skipped			
	2.2.2 M	Send actual EVSE search request	EVSP, Vehicle service provider	EVSE Operator	EVSE search criteria, EVSE ID
	3.2.2	Step 3.2.1 is skipped			
	6.2 M	Check status of EVSE and send actual status	EVSE operator	EVSP, Vehicle service provider	EVSE ID, EVSE status, Timestamp
	7.2	Step 7.1 is skipped			
Post condition					
Security & Privacy Considerations					
Remarks	* Update frequency is depending on the EVSE-operator (CMS) The information from the actual EVSE status should not be older the 60 sec				

